

Sameh Melhem, RP program lead Staff director of RPWG

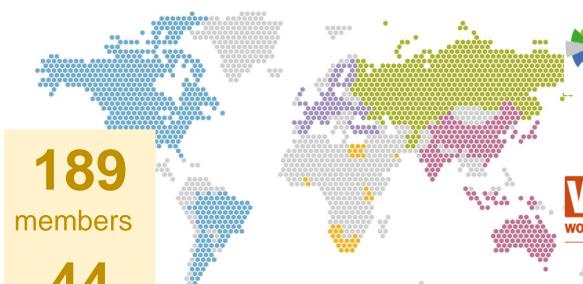
### Content

- Overview of the World Nuclear Association (WNA) & Radiological Protection Working Group (RPWG).
- Nuclear industry performance record.
- Experience of practitioners regarding RP system.
- Moving the RP system forward.
- Inform the next update of the ICRP general recommendations.
- Conclusions.

## We Are The Voice of The Global Nuclear Industry



We work with, support and represent the industry



 We are a thought leader for nuclear energy in the global energy debate



 We inform and communicate on nuclear energy



 We develop the nuclear leaders of tomorrow



countries



## The Radiation Protection Working Group (RPWG)

### Working Group Structure

#### **Fuel Cycle WGs**

- Fuel Report
- Used Fuel Management
- Transport
- International Network for Safety Assurance of Fuel Cycle Industries

#### **Cross-Cutting WGs**

- Radiological Protection
- Security
- Workforce & Talent Development
- ESG

#### Members' Forum

#### Nuclear Deployment & Value Chain WGs

- Cooperation in Reactor Design Evaluation and Licensing (CORDEL)
- Supply Chain and Long-term Operation
- Economics, Law and Finance
- Decommissioning

#### **Advisory Groups**

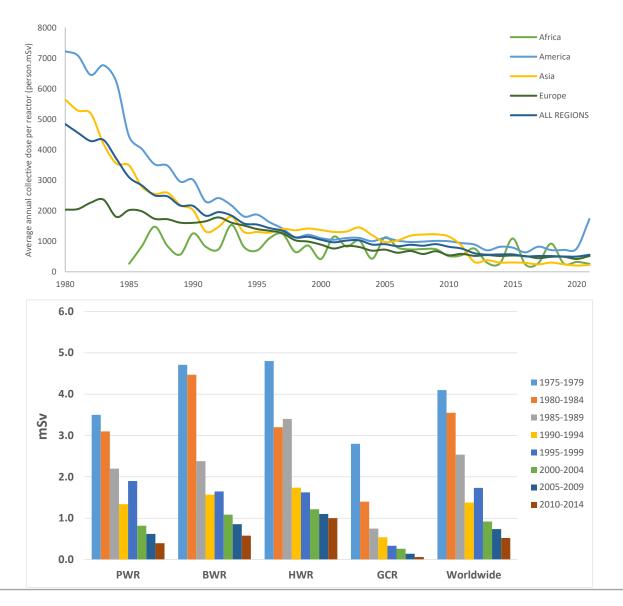
- DG Advisory Council
- **■** Communication Group
- Innovation Panel
- Cooperation Forum for Nuclear Technology Associations
- End Energy Users Panel
- Emerging Markets Panel

- Ensure that the RPWG is recognized as the nuclear industry's leading body of experts in the application of RP.
- Continue to share knowledge and ideas around maintaining and improving radiation safety.
- Influence the development of a balanced RP framework and standards by ensuring working group's perspectives are relayed, understood and discussed.
- To work on the revision of the next ICRP-General Recommendations
- To prepare for the upcoming generational change and improve education on RP





## The Nuclear Industry Performance Record



Annual average collective dose per reactor per region for the public.

Source: Data from ISOE

Annual average effective dose for workers at nuclear power reactors.

Sources: Data from ISOE and the UNSCEAR Occupational Exposure Survey





## Experience of Practitioners Regarding RP System

- RP system is becoming more complex and difficult to interpret.
- RP system has become overly conservative and applications in the regulatory system are even more conservative.
- Regulatory tendency to minimize the dose leads to misinterpretation of the application of optimization principle.
- Radiation hazard is one of many hazards at an operational site.







## Experience of Practitioners Regarding RP System

- Significant (disproportionate) costs for managing radiation.
- Disproportionate outcome in terms of wider nonradiological hazards.
- Current negative perceptions of radiation are partly fed by the system of protection:
  - Public dose limit less than natural background implies man-made radiation is more dangerous than natural
  - Lot of 'attention' on very low exposures Leads to unnecessary constraints on operations, new projects and waste management

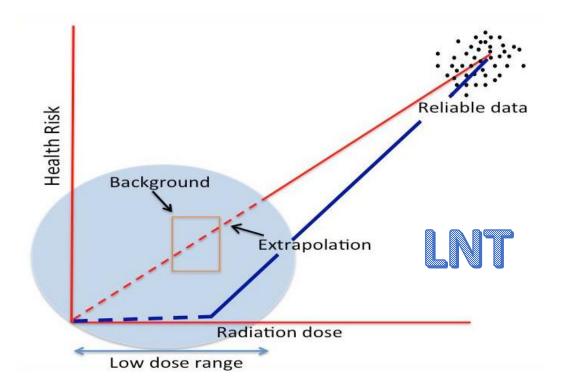






## Experience of Practitioners Regarding RP System

- While accepting that the LNT-based approach is the best current simple approach/model for developing an RP system.
- This could promote the idea that all radiation is harmful
- But "If there is a risk, then indeed it is very small, and well within the range of risk usually accepted in society".



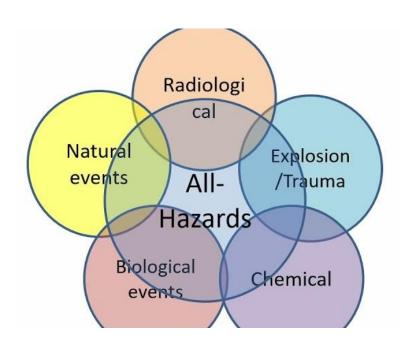






# Moving The RP System Forward (Proportionality and Holistic Approach)

- Decision-making at low doses must maintain:
  - Decisions are more understandable and relevant to the general public
  - Proportionality with the very low risks involved and removing undue conservatisms
  - Accepting that radiation is just one of many potential hazards that must be considered
- Reinforce that optimization is not minimization.
- Optimize the allocation of resources to reflect the level of risk,
- Radiation is one of a number of hazards that must be managed.
- Feedback from industry highlights the need for the evolution of the ALARA principle to ensure it embeds "ALL Hazards", ensures a sustainable outcome, and is informed by stakeholder engagement.





## Moving The RP System Forward (Effective Communication & Public Understanding)

- Observations and experience of practitioners should be collected and communicated with regulators and operators.
- Complexity & understandability of RP system (e.g., Dose limitation vs. dose limits).
- The Need for simplification of the RP system.
- Improves communication of radiation risk to the public and wider stakeholders to allow them to make informed decisions on "What is Safe"
- The importance of communicating with the public on radiation and risk: (e.g. use of the context of natural background radiation)



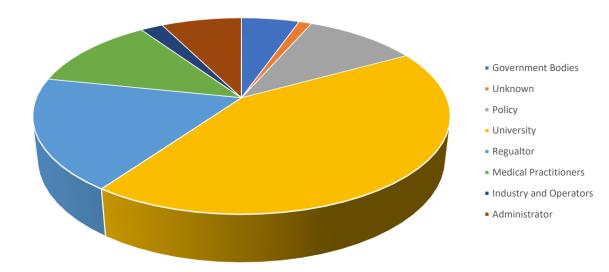
Dose from Natural background: 2-5 mSv Dose from Nuclear industry: few micro Sv





## Inform The Next Update of The ICRP General Recommendations.

- Based on the current list of ICRP Task Groups the areas of focus from nuclear industry perspective would be
  - TG91 on Radiation Risk Inference at Low Dose
  - TG99 and 105 relating to RP of the Environment
  - TG114 on Reasonableness and Tolerability in the System of Radiological Protection.
  - TG124 on Application of the Principle of Justification.
  - TG125 on Ecosystem ServicesComplexity & understandability of RP system (e.g., Dose limitation vs. dose limits).
  - TG128 on Individualization and Stratification in RP
  - Upcoming TGs on Communication and Education & training (May initiate late next term, ca 2027/28)

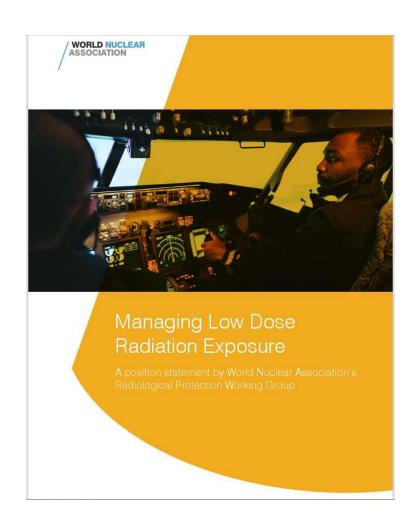


Currently, the Nuclear Industry Practitioners represent <1% of the ICRP community.





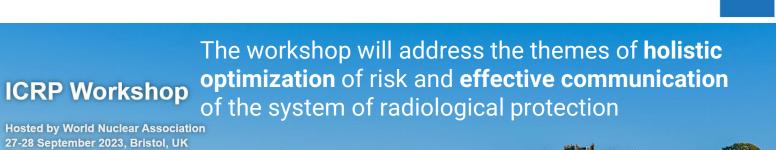
- The nuclear industry has good records in controlling and reducing occupational and public exposure to ionizing radiation.
- Give greater emphasis to natural background exposure and its variability, both in general decision-making and in public communication
- The nuclear industry recommends to take into account all-hazards approach in the future system of protection
- The nuclear industry recommends implementing a more realistic graded approach
- The World Nuclear Association will participate actively in the revision of the ICRP general recommendations as the international voice of nuclear industry providing the perspective of RPWG members.

























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